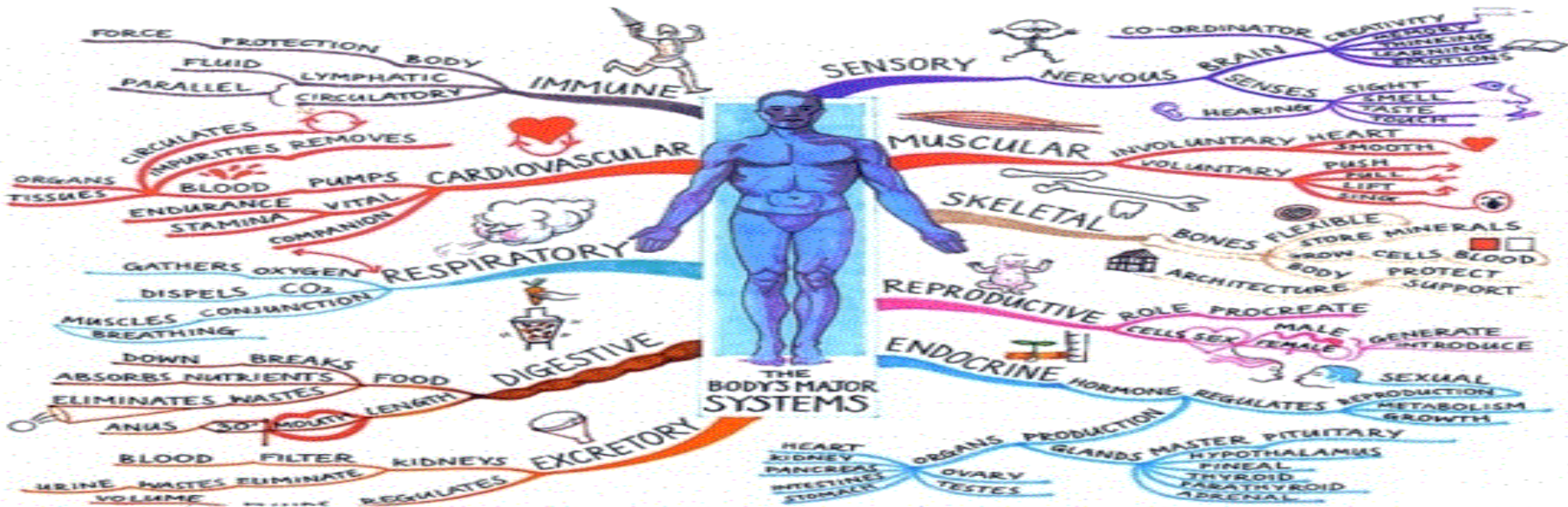


“Tests as part of a wider system”

Chris Hudson

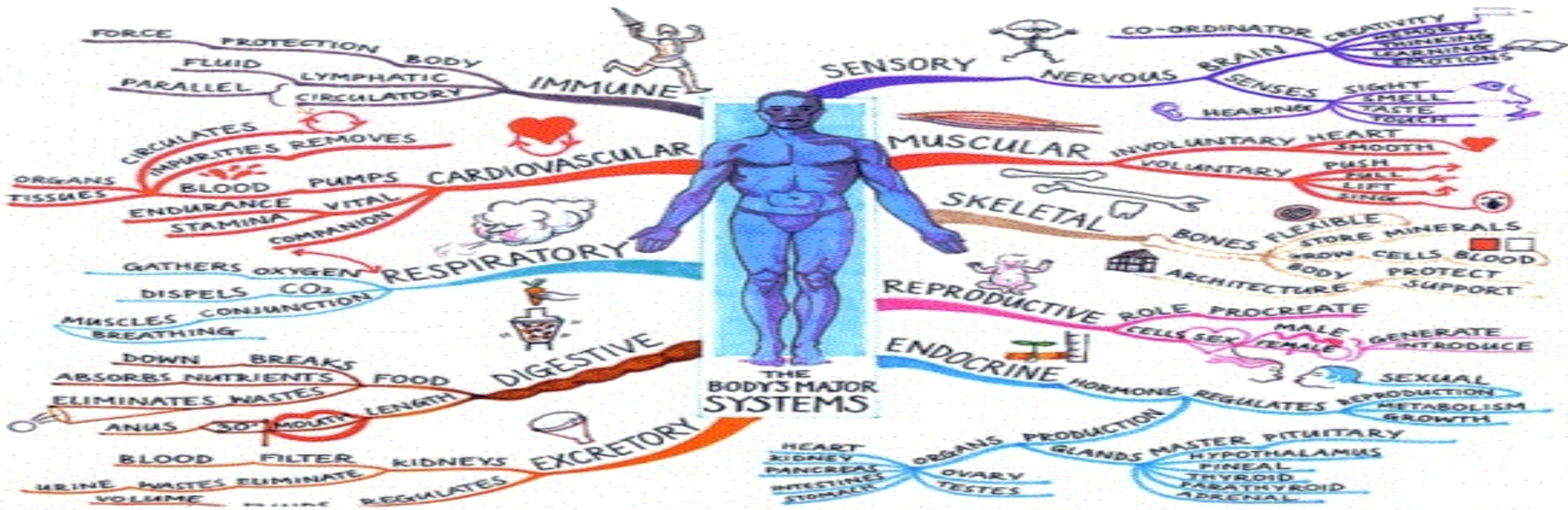
Director of Healthcare Development - Roche Diagnostics Ltd



~~“Tests as part of a wider system”~~

Chris Hudson

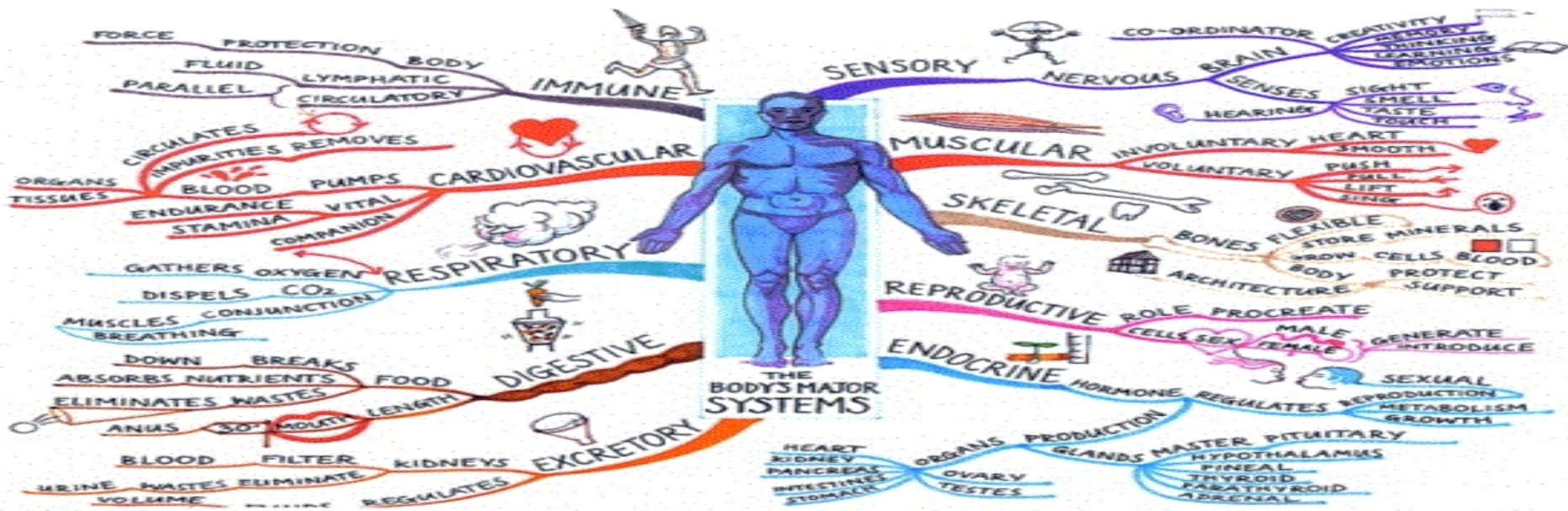
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“In Vitro Diagnostics Tests as part of a wider system”

Chris Hudson

Director of Healthcare Development - Roche Diagnostics Ltd



Agenda for today

Challenges of the NHS...

History...the predictor of the future ?

Diesels V Bullets ?

Isolationism rules ?

Change of focus ?

Value for everyone ?

Real life in today's NHS...

A patient's story....today's NHS

- **Jim aged 87 - ex NHS dentist**
- **Health history**
 - Diabetes T2 - 15 years
progressive controlled with tablets
 - CHF - 5 years - Stented & diuretics
 - Renal issues - 25 years...
- **Recent health history (8 weeks)**
 - Taken off diuretics 8 weeks ago
advice to GP from Nephrologist.
 - Admitted to hospital 3 weeks ago
 - CHF diagnosed & back on diuretics.



Is he one of the @3% of patients that use @45% of CCGs budgets ?

Real life in today's NHS...

Provider's and commissioner's what's the rough economics of the deal to them and then to the NHS

overall?

Commissioner (CCG)	
Savings	
– Eight weeks diuretics	
£50	
Expenditure	
– Payment to hospital to provider under contract	-£ ?
– <i>No transparency -but less cost than the Acute trust</i>	
Total (loss) to CCG	-£ ?

Provider (Acute Trust)	
Savings /income CCG	
– CCG payment	£ ?
Expenditure	
– A & E admission	£(233)
– AMU 5 x days	£(1,726)
– CCU 16 x days	£(5,788)
– Catheterisation 15 x days	£(1,838)
– Other Costs - BgM, Oxygen	£(1,019)

Source: National Schedule of Reference Costs Year: 2014-15 - NHS trusts and NHS foundation trusts

Total savings to NHS £50. Total Costs £10,604. Overall cost to NHS £10,554. Total (Cost) to Acute Trust £(10,604)

How Many “*Jims*” might there be in the £2.45bn NHS overspend in 2015-2016 ?

£2.45bn /£10,554 = 232,139 “*Jims*”

- *1,507 average per Acute Trust (154)*
 - *29 per week per trust*
- *1,110 average per CCG (209)*
 - *21 per week per CCG*

Thoughts

- Does this “silo” budgeting/patient management mentality really work ?
- “Penny wise and pound foolish”
- Joined up thinking needed - “common sense” too ?
- Money following the patient & IT systems to support the flow!



Is he one of the @3% of patients that use @45% of CCGs budgets ?

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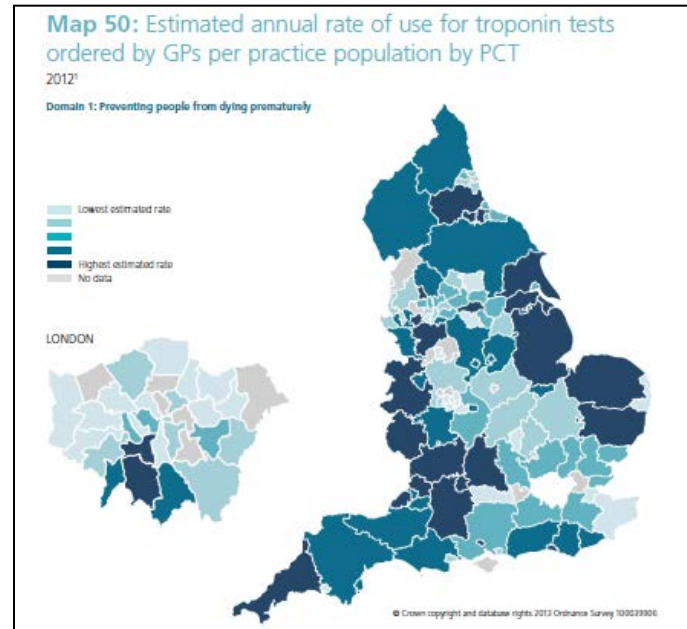
History ... a “predictor of the future”

Is the NHS, the “Death Valley” for uptake of innovation ?

Troponin Testing

- 25 years for widespread adoption in UK
- Still large variations in usage
- “In the 19 years of clinical practice the only test that changed in the “routine” panel was CKMB for Troponin”

Sir John Savill CEO MRC Dec 2015



Thought to consider

In the UK we “Innovate” and “Evaluate” well but do we then ADOPT ?



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If you could get to your destination faster in a bullet train for the same ticket price on an old slow diesel train, would you really take the diesel train ?



High Sensitivity Troponin

- 25 years of Troponin testing “history”
- New Troponin test giving a result at **1 hour v’s 3 hours** - fantastic technological advance !
- Introduced 5 years ago - price same as “Old” Troponin.

Opportunity to:

- Improve clinical practice, patient treatment and patient outcome.
- Reduce strain on stretched A&E and specialist resources.
- Improve **value** for everyone.



So what has happened with HS Troponin ?



Patients and the system will have to wait for better care...



Outcome - 5 years later

- NICE positive endorsement 2014 but its only a “guideline” only for Diagnostics - **WHY ?**
- Only 20% sites are utilising the HS Troponin

Potential Conclusions ?

- New “tools” are available to significantly improve clinical practice, patient outcome &, use of scarce resources with **NO increase in cost - overall “Value” significantly increased**
- The NHS does not have the WILL nor CAPACITY to change ?
- Change Management is the “missing” piece ?
- “Empowered Champions” needed ?
- All of the above ?



Pre Eclampsia

A major opportunity to change clinical practice in maternal health

Pre-eclampsia test could prevent pain of losing your baby

By CHRISTINA EARLE

TINY Theo Crussell only lived for 44 hours but his mum still speaks to him every day - and it is often to say "sorry".

Growing Tom, 21, wishes she had known about the pregnancy diagnostic pre-eclampsia test had it also had been tested for it, but this may change soon.

She said: "It's was the most perfect little thing I had ever seen. I had no idea that I had a pre-eclampsia test and that I had let him down."

"To talk to his mum every day - but I know, I had this condition, things would be very different."

Pre-eclampsia causes high blood pressure that cuts off the unborn baby's supply of oxygen-rich blood.

"I kill seven cases and 1,000 babies in the UK each year. The NHS and her husband Rob had my idea about it until they got the terrible news on August 1 last year, when there was 32 weeks pregnant."

Just a few days before she had completed of routine test and severe headache, which are all symptoms of the condition.

She went to hospital in the morning but she was not in her state another eight days.

They then revealed the baby was in trouble and her blood pressure was also causing her own veins to collapse.

Midnight outside Rob, 31, watched his wife as she was being moved on one hand. No one should have to think about their child's future just after they give birth." The couple, from Northampton, are speaking to raise awareness of signs of pre-eclampsia, and of a new test for it.

Last week, the National Institute of Health and Care Excellence (NICE) recommended a new blood test - by Roche

"I did a new test before mine. I'm all for it. But it's what that means - it's the signs of the signs and symptoms as they are not tested in the first place."

Kate Karabach, 38, also suffered from pre-eclampsia in the run-up to the birth of daughter North in June 2010.

But her condition, which also came with blurred vision, vomiting and excessive weight gain, was picked up early before it became critical. North was delivered safely at 34 weeks.

More recently, the condition developed from 32 weeks onwards, Kate said. "There was, both weights up."

"At first I blamed myself. I wondered if I'd got it in the second trimester, things would have been different."

She then discovered she was taking to be the case. They thought I had been advised by a doctor to stop taking it."

I had noticed a change in the pattern of my movements, which prompted me to seek help."

"It's important that women be made aware of the signs of pre-eclampsia."

Rob said: "Kate told me in her own words that she had pre-eclampsia."

"The breathing slowly deteriorated. But I was fine then they gave again. He died at five o'clock the day after he was born."

"We had time to say goodnight to him but he walk away from a child knowing they'll see them."

Dr. Ben Cooper said: "Early signs and symptoms should have been picked up and the woman should be referred to stand her ground to get proper medical help."

"Sometimes a woman goes in to see with her symptoms and they are not treated as urgently as they should be to get the best outcome."

● Kate and Rob are raising money for charity Action On Pre-eclampsia at 01800.00.00.

HEARTACHE... Kate and Rob; inset, newborn Theo

Signs and symptoms		15-minute wonder test	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High blood pressure (hypertension) Protein in urine (proteinuria) Severe headache Vision problems 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> such as blurring or seeing flashing lights Severe heartburn Pain just below the ribs Nausea or vomiting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Excessive weight gain caused by fluid retention Swelling face and hands Body aching/itch 	<p>A BREAKTHROUGH 15-minute test for pre-eclampsia was recommended for NHS use last week.</p> <p>The National Institute for Health and Care Excellence, which provides clinical guidelines, wants the test rolled out in hospitals across the UK shortly.</p> <p>There are around 60,000 women investigated for suspected pre-eclampsia in the UK every year.</p> <p>But until now, these women have had to wait 24 to 36 hours of monitoring in hospital to check for the disorder, for which there has been no specific test.</p> <p>But the new blood test invented by Roche Diagnostics can almost instantly rule out the life-threatening condition. This means women do not</p>
<p>8.5 million women across the world are affected</p>	<p>Disorder causes 42% of maternal deaths</p>	<p>It affects 38,000 women in the UK per year</p>	<p>found not to be suffering from it can be sent home safely.</p> <p>Numbers of women having to be hospitalized would be cut by 50 per cent, it is estimated.</p> <p>This would save the NHS around £100m a year.</p> <p>But it is still essential for pregnant women to recognise the symptoms of the condition.</p> <p>John Radcliffe Hospital in Oxford is currently the only NHS hospital offering the test.</p> <p>It is now working out how best to use the test on a day-to-day basis.</p> <p>Meanwhile, NICE hopes the further research will soon also allow the new test to specifically diagnose the disorder, rather than simply rule it out.</p>

Situation

- Been available for nearly 3 years
- NICE guidance May 2016
- John Radcliffe Oxford only hospital in UK that has implemented ..so far
- Sites asking to do studies to validate for “local population” - **WHY ?**
- What will be the future for this innovation ?

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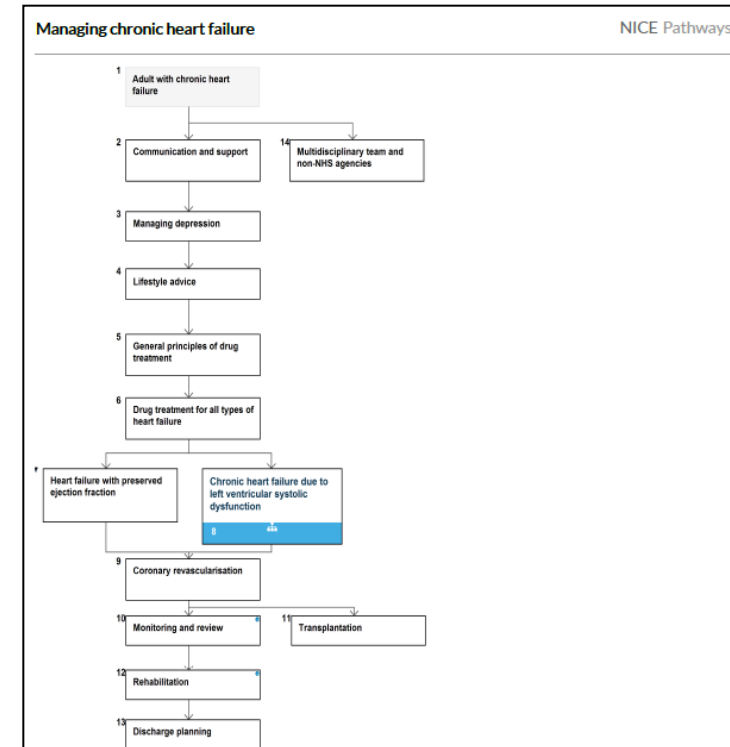
The “technology” seems to be THE focus on IVDs

The discussion should be on the VALUE to the whole system

Patients are treated in “care pathways”

NICE

- “Health *Technology Assessment*”
- The **Value** delivered to the whole system is not considered.
- Assessment is **Guidance only** not Mandatory like Medicines.
- No measurement of **implementation**: Innovation scorecards have **less than 10 IVDs**, whereas Medicines are **60+**.
- No **funding** to change clinical services
- No support for **IMPLEMENTATION**

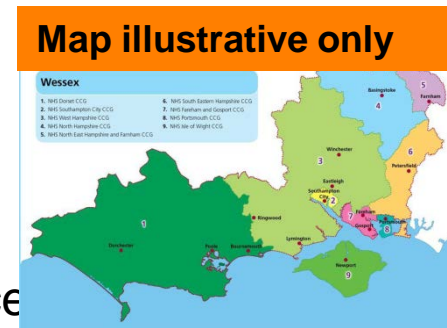


Resolving the problems of the NHS requires thinking on a wider scale than just “technology” and “costs”

Doing *more of the same* is NOT the answer to a system challenged by cost

•Example :

- Acute Trust at tender for Pathology : £20mn trust deficit
- **Problem** : too many elderly patients (“Jims”) coming from local CCGs - “bed blocking”, using expensive resources



•Potential Solutions

- Cut £1mn Pathology budget by 20%£200k **but** doesn’t reduce the underlying **REAL** problem of “Jims” coming from the CCG !
- **Or** cut the number of “Jims” by using changing Patient pathway (outreach Dx clinics) testing closer to the patient changing the pathways to reduce admissions e.g. NT ProBNP

•**Health economics** needed to look at Budget Impact on the **change** the health and wellbeing **system** (patient pathway and test) NOT just “cost effectiveness”.



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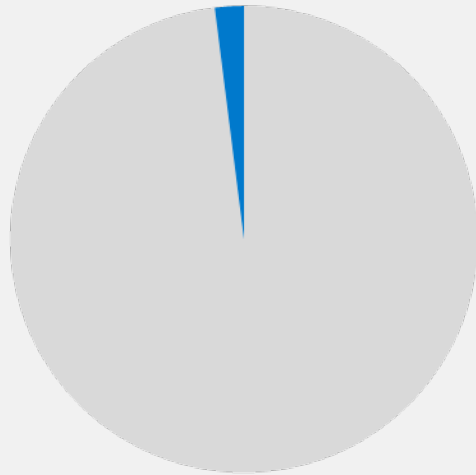
Revaluing In Vitro Diagnostics

In vitro diagnostics testing has long been a silent champion of healthcare:

IVD accounts for

~2%

of worldwide healthcare spending



IVD influences

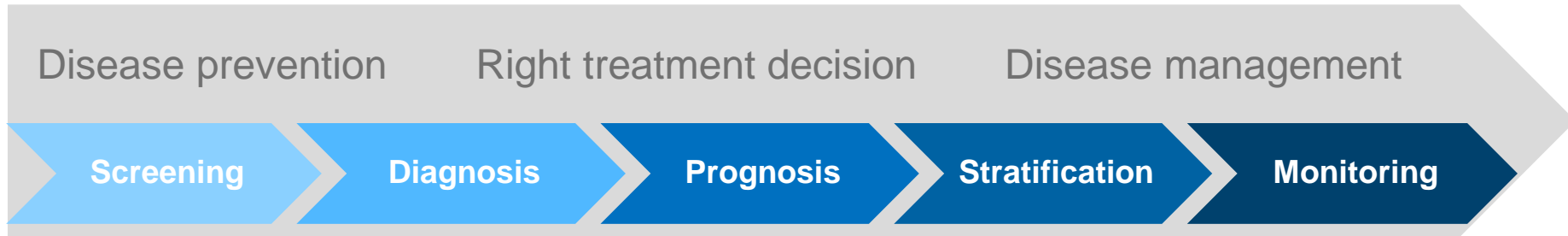
>60%

of clinical decision-making



The value of in vitro diagnostics

Improving health, influencing smart spending



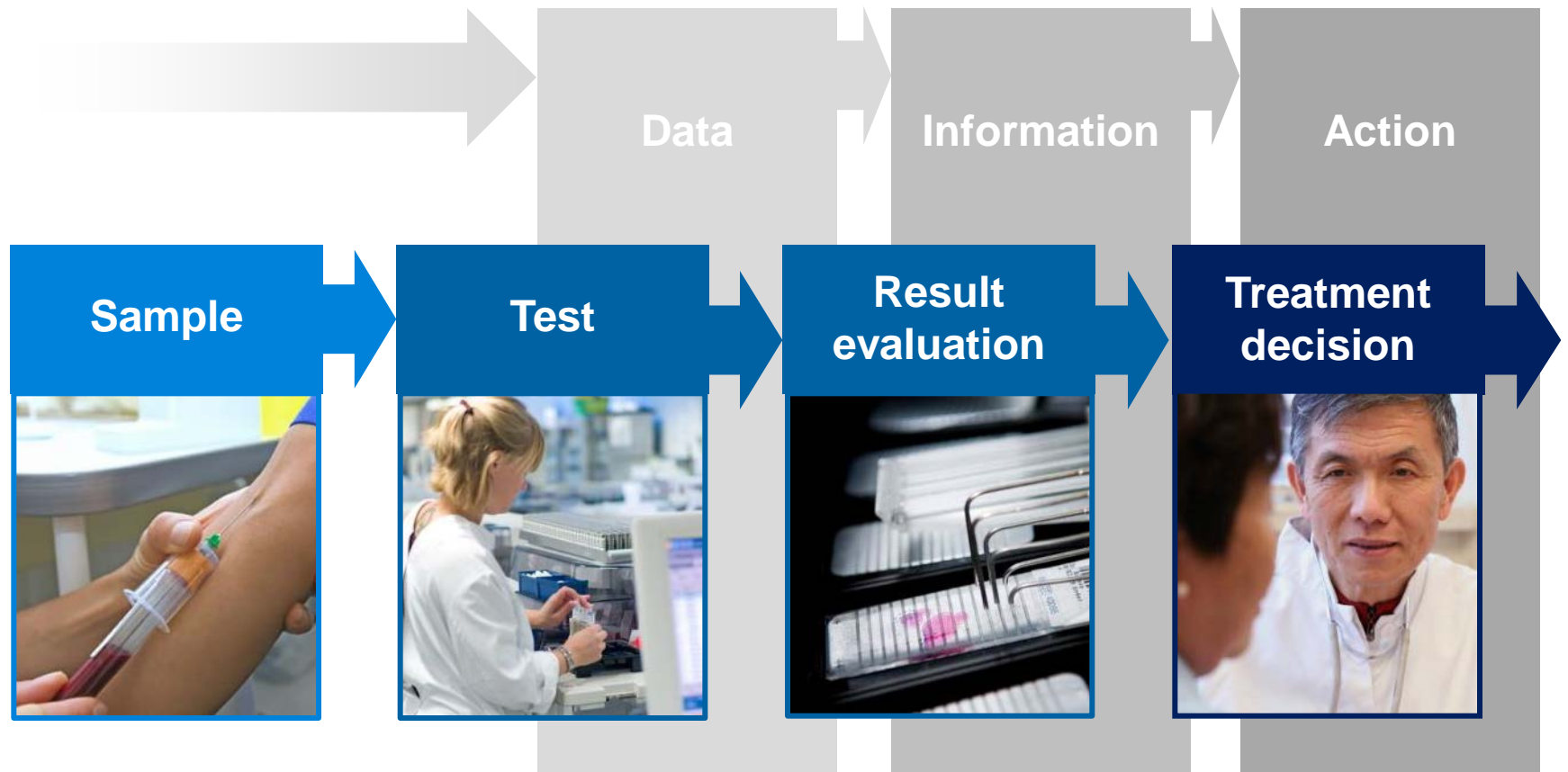
Information

- Keeping people healthy
- Getting the right treatment
- Stopping a patient from getting worse
- Chronic disease management
- Increasing efficacy of treatment
- Eliminating trial and error
- Reducing hospitalization
- Avoiding work productivity loss

Improving people's health

**Influencing smart healthcare spending
& saving healthcare costs**

Diagnosics are about gathering medical data *To be transformed into actionable information*



Critical Success Factor :
Need patient EHR systems that are complete & join it all up - GeL model ?

The NHS system needs a change of approach

Four core concepts for success...



Listen to and involve - the wider “stakeholder” groups e.g. Patients, Industry



Focus and prioritise -on what really matters FAST and **deliver VALUE**



Simplify - make process of NICE adoption **Mandatory, Measured, Funded**



Leverage expertise - internal & external e.g. Change Management & Best Practice Sharing

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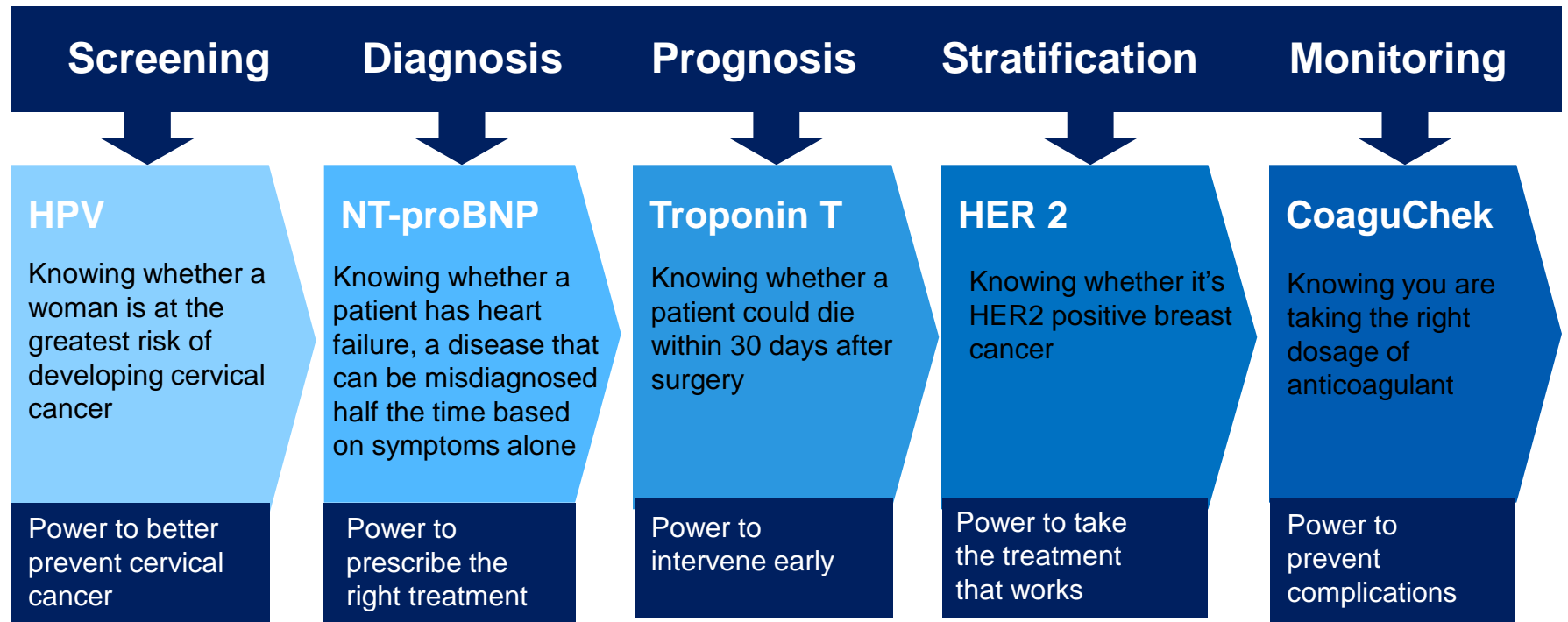
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In Vitro Diagnostics - The Roche view

The power of knowing for better patient care



Improving people and patients' lives and making healthcare sustainable

Roche what we believe

Working together, creating value for all...

Within the next five years, Roche Diagnostics' unique pioneering approach will have fundamentally changed the way patients are managed by ensuring in vitro diagnostics are always at the heart of care pathways and at the forefront of clinicians' decisions – resulting in better patient outcomes

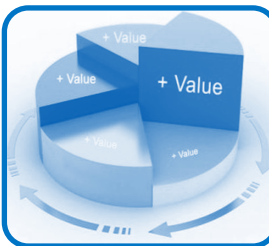
Roche Diagnostics - our view

Working together, creating value for all

We will try to :



Enable the NHS to achieve their objectives and targets more effectively.



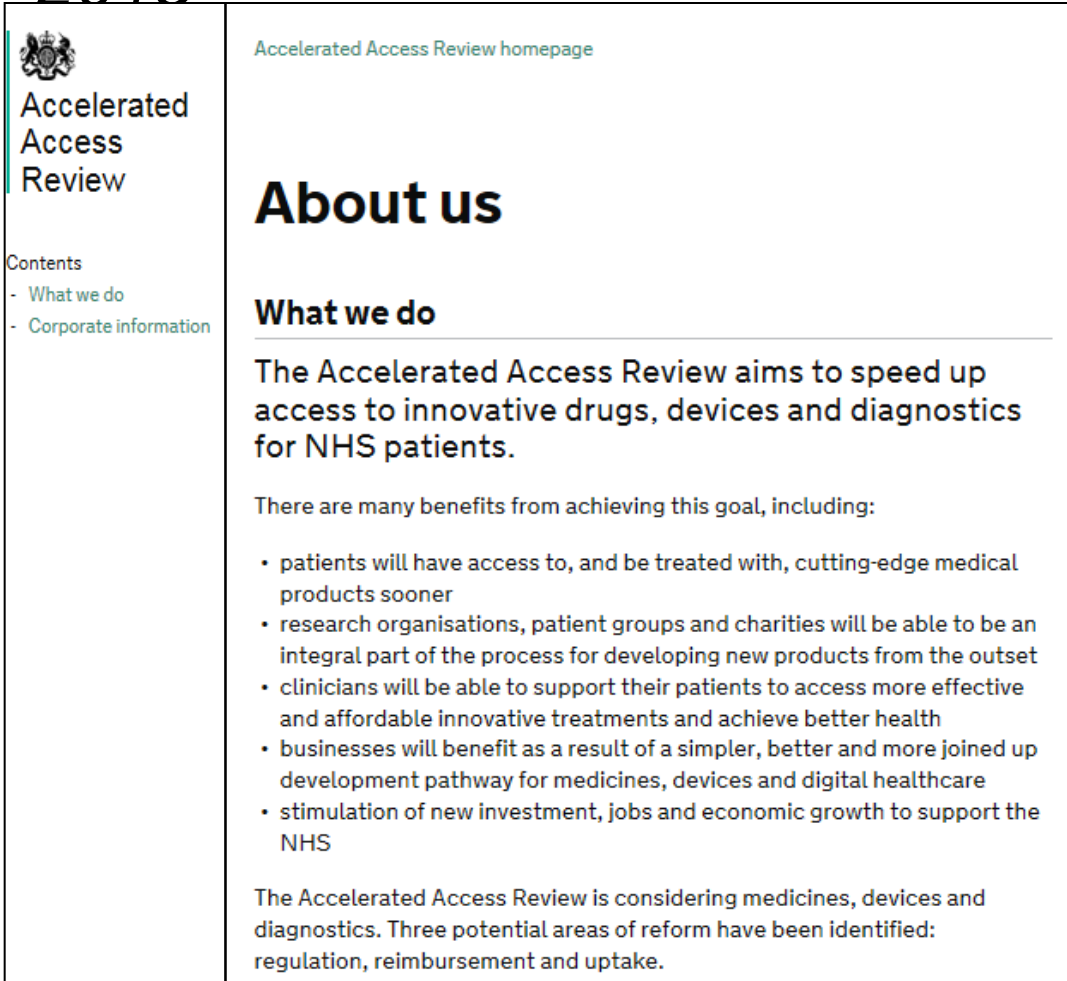
Create value for Clinicians, Trusts, CCGs, patients and the wider healthcare system.



Clearly differentiate to the NHS why they should choose Roche.

There is hope !

Accelerated Access Review (AAR) - launched March 2015



The screenshot shows the homepage of the Accelerated Access Review. On the left is a navigation menu with the NHS crest, the title 'Accelerated Access Review', and links for 'Contents', 'What we do', and 'Corporate information'. The main content area is titled 'Accelerated Access Review homepage' and features a large 'About us' heading. Below this is a 'What we do' section with a horizontal line. The text explains that the AAR aims to speed up access to innovative drugs, devices, and diagnostics for NHS patients. It lists several benefits, such as faster access to cutting-edge medical products, integration of research and patient groups, and support for clinicians. A final paragraph mentions that the AAR is considering medicines, devices, and diagnostics, and has identified three potential areas of reform: regulation, reimbursement, and uptake.

- Interim Report Oct 2015
- Great deal of “hope” around this review.
 - “Innovation Partnerships”
 - “Innovation Pathways”
- “Galvanising the NHS to adopt innovation” - **May 2016**
 - **AHSNs** - fund to encourage system redesign
 - Clinical system leaders to champion change
 - Secondary Care - “Innovation champions”
- **Final report recommendations July 2016**

What is my ask of you ?

No one person or group can solve this on their own



What I would like to ask you to do?

- **Challenge** - Status Quo
- **Ask** - “How do we implement quickly” ?
- **Keep asking** - “Why not”
- **Empower** and experiment

- Industry can give the NHS lots of new “magic bullet” technology innovations..
- By working **together** we can help the NHS get the most **Value** out of new technology by looking at the wider system.

And here’s **WHY**

“Jim” & others like him, are relying on the NHS.



Doing now what patients need next